



THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 12, 1903.

THE PART the United States has taken in the Panama matter is unprecedented in the history of nations and the policy of the present administration is causing serious apprehension among the conservative and thinking element in this country. It is an open secret that the Panama revolution was planned in this country and urged by interested parties close to those in authority. The unseemly haste in which President Roosevelt recognized the new republic was enough to arouse suspicion and the climax was reached when he ordered U. S. ships to prevent Colombia, a weak but a friendly sister republic, from sending troops to Panama to suppress a revolution and whip back a seceding State which seceded only that she might as well get the profits of the building of the isthmian canal as Colombia. By this action the United States, a powerful nation, holds Colombia bound and allows one of the latter's States to engage in a revolution, secede and do anything else for which she may have a mind. This country through the present administration has made itself the ally of Panama and given to Colombia a casus belli, which is prevented only by the feebleness of the latter from becoming the prelude to hostilities. The pretense that these actions have a basic legality is mere humbug, and the offer of friendly offices to Colombians bring about a "peaceful solution" of her "differences" with Panama is rank hypocrisy. On this subject the Philadelphia Record says:

In Mr. Cleveland's first administration there was an insurrection in Panama which endangered transit, and Commander McCalla and 800 marines were sent thither to protect the railroad and to keep transit open. They performed that service without assisting an insurrection, or recognizing an alleged Government before it had shown its ability to perform the functions of sovereignty. In a report in 1887 Secretary Bayard said:

On several occasions the government of the United States, at the instance and always with the assent of Colombia, has in times of civil tumult sent its armed forces to the isthmus of Panama to preserve American citizens and property along the transit from injuries which the government of Colombia might at the time be unable to prevent. But in taking such steps this government has always recognized the sovereignty and obligation of Colombia in the premises, and has never acknowledged, but, on the contrary, has expressly disclaimed, the duty of protecting the transit against domestic disturbance.

There is the voice of a democratic statesman, and there are the precedents of the United States government before a act of violence conferred the Presidency upon a reckless jingo, who in a magazine article regretted that our sealing controversy with England had been referred to arbitration instead of being used as an occasion for war, and who, according to ex-Secretary Long, urged that we destroy the Spanish fleet on the high seas on its way to Cuba in the winter of 1898 while our minister was in Madrid and our government was yet negotiating diplomatically with Spain for a settlement of the Cuban complication.

THE UNSEEMLY conduct of about five hundred women before, during and after the wedding of Miss May Goeliet and the Duke of Roxburgh at St. Thomas's Church in New York on Tuesday is a commentary on democratic institutions. The descriptions given in the New York papers are disgusting, to say the least. These unbridled guests—algar curiosity seekers—were well reared. They jammed the streets adjoining the church and the Goeliet mansion, which are four blocks apart. These women were not content merely to watch the bridal party. They literally mobbed the bride and the church. They climbed upon the steps of the bride's carriage and poked their heads through the windows, some of them even attempting to all flowers from the bride's dress and veil. They climbed upon the church roof using the heavy Virginia creepers as ladders, and made themselves obnoxious merely. The police were invoked to the defense of the bride and groom, but they found themselves helpless, as the invited guests seemed to have become mysteriously deranged.

THE negro race as represented in the National Sociological Society, now in session in Washington, and friends of the race will ask Attorney General Knox to defend the constitution of the United States in the Supreme Court against the attacks being made on the fifteenth amendment. A committee was appointed at the meeting yesterday to make the request of the Attorney General. This announcement will probably be the signal for taking up another collection among the colored people to save them from again being force into slavery!

THE Alaska republicans have notified Mr. Roosevelt that they have already elected delegates to the next national convention instructed for his nomination. But in presidential elections the Alaskans do not vote, so their conspicuous previousness makes them rather ridiculous.

It is now said to be practically certain that Edward Wentz, the young Philadelphia millionaire, was murdered by moonshiners from the Virginia-Kentucky line on the top of Black Mountain.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, D. C., Nov. 12.

Representative Payne, republican floor leader, chairman of the ways and means committee, today introduced the bill "to carry into effect a convention between the United States and the republic of Cuba, signed on the 11th day of December, in the year 1902." It provides "that whenever the President of the United States shall receive satisfactory evidence that the republic of Cuba has made provision to give full effect to the articles of the convention between the United States and the republic of Cuba, he is hereby authorized to issue his proclamation declaring that he has received such evidence, and thereupon on the tenth day after exchange of ratifications of such convention between the United States and the republic of Cuba, and so long as the said convention shall remain in force, all articles of merchandise being the product of the soil or industry of the republic of Cuba, which are now imported into the United States free of duty, shall continue to be so admitted free of duty, and all other articles of merchandise being the product of the soil or industry of the republic of Cuba imported into the United States shall be admitted at a reduction of 20 per cent. of the rates of duty thereon. The rates of duty herein granted by the United States to the republic of Cuba are and shall continue during the term of said convention preferential in respect to all like imports from other countries; provided that while said convention is in force no sugar imported from the republic of Cuba and being the product of the soil or industry of the republic of Cuba, shall be admitted into the United States at a reduction of duty greater than twenty per cent. of the rates of duty thereon, as provided by the tariff act of the United States, and no sugar, the product of any other foreign country, shall be admitted by treaty or convention into the United States while this convention is in force, at a lower rate of duty than that provided by the tariff act of the United States." The ways and means committee will meet at 10:30 tomorrow morning to consider the bill and expects to report it to the House tomorrow afternoon. The committee on rules is expected to grant a rule prohibiting any and all amendments, so as to prevent the abolition of the differential on refined sugar as a rider to the bill.

President Roosevelt today sent a cablegram of sympathy to Emperor William, of Germany, expressing the hope of his speedy recovery from his present illness.

Representative Burton, of Ohio, had a conference with the President today regarding the possibility of a river and harbor bill this year. On leaving the White House Mr. Burton expressed the belief that there would be such a bill this year. The amount was as yet problematical. He did not think it would be very large, however. It would probably provide for certain continuing contracts and for some of the most important new projects.

Speaker Cannon today announced the membership of the House ways and means committee, as follows: Republicans—Payne, chairman; Dalzell, Grosvenor, Tawney, McCall, Babcock, Metcalf, Hill, Boutell, Watson and Curtis. Democrats—Williams, Robertson, Swanson, McClellan, Cooper and Clark.

Secretary of the Navy Moody today sent to Congress the report of the Naval Board appointed to select the best site for a naval training school on the great lakes. The report recommends five points on Lake Michigan, indicating their preference in the following order: Lake Bluff, about 43 miles from Chicago; Racine, Wis.; Muskegon, Wis.; Milwaukee, Wis.; and Michigan City.

Geo. Harvey Stetson, of Bennington, Vt., came to Washington to seek the aid of President Roosevelt in obtaining \$200,000, which he claims as heir to Stetson Parks, of Bennington, Vt., who endowed the Bennington Soldiers Home. He was arrested before he could see the President and is awaiting an examination by the insanity expert of the District.

The nomination of General Robert Shaw Oliver to be Assistant Secretary of War was reported favorably this morning by the Senate Committee on Military Affairs. There was no opposition. Other favorable reports were on the nominations of Major General S. B. M. Young to be Lieutenant General and Brig. Gen. Samuel S. Sumner, to be Maj. General. The Senate committee on Military Affairs today decided to hold a public meeting on next Thursday to hear any persons who object to the confirmation of the nomination of General Leonard B. Wood to be a Major General. Mr. Rathbone, formerly Director General of Posts in Cuba, will be one of the witnesses to be examined. Senators Teller and Hanna both of whom are friends of Major Rathbone, have been notified of the intention of the committee and invited to be present.

A call for a democratic caucus in the House on Saturday night to determine the minority's attitude toward the Cuban reciprocity measure was sent out today. The minority members of the committee on ways and means will hold a secret session tonight to outline their action before the committee tomorrow.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Serbian government has paid \$100,000 to the sisters of the late Queen Draga. The money is the proceeds of the sale of the real estate of the late Queen, the sale of her yacht, and also four per cent. of the Serbian cash funds at the time of the Queen's assassination.

General Borro, captain general of Aragon, Spain, has been sentenced to two months imprisonment for receiving the republican emissaries of the committee which proposed a revolutionary attempt against the government last September. The attempt was frustrated.

It is learned that secret conferences, at the Kaiser's instigation, have been proceeding at Berlin to discuss the combatting of socialism in the country. The conferences have been attended by courtiers, officials of the government, noblemen, and capitalists.

Martin Biederman, a millionaire banker, and proprietor of the News-Paper, has been arrested at Posen charged with a treasonable conspiracy in connection with the Polish nationalist movement.

Peter Morrissey, aged 40, at his home in Johnstown, Pa., at 2 o'clock this morning. The son had not been living at home but last night when the old man came in he decided to remain. A quarrel over a couch to sleep on ensued and the father crushed the son's skull with a cane. Then he dragged the body into the yard and left it there.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Cuba has presented to the United States the coaling station at Guantanamo. Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, yesterday introduced a bill extending the right of suffrage to women.

A Connecticut judge yesterday rendered a decision adverse to a labor union which had instituted a boycott.

The Dominican revolutionists have demanded recognition, but Minister Powell has refused to hold communication with them.

Ex-Secretary Carlisle has been engaged as counsel by those who are opposed to the admission of Senator Smoot, of Utah, to the Senate.

An attack was made on the stock of the Pennsylvania Railroad on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday and the price was driven down to 112½, the lowest point that had been reached in five years.

Democratic leaders of Maryland say that one outcome of their recent success at the polls and their control of both branches of the next General Assembly will be the passage of a Jim Crow bill by the legislature.

P. J. Dwyer, manager of the Metropolitan Jockey Club since its advent as an active racing concern, resigned from office yesterday. Dwyer received \$20,000 per annum. President Reynolds will succeed him next year.

The sculptor Valentine's design for a memorial to Jefferson Davis was accepted by the Daughters of the Confederacy in session in Charleston, S. C. It is to be erected at Richmond, at a cost of \$70,000, of which \$62,000 already is on hand.

In the work of retrenchment which the officials of the United States Steel Corporation have ordered and planned it is proposed to reduce the annual payroll of the corporation about \$15,000,000, or slightly more than 10 per cent. of the wages paid last year.

Reports from the centers of the cotton mill industry throughout New England indicate that the announcement at Fall River that a 10 per cent. reduction in wages had been decided upon by the cotton manufacturers there, to go into effect November 23, has caused general uneasiness, due to the belief that an equal reduction at other places is inevitable.

The whole Pacific coast, from British Columbia to Southern California, and the States of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Wyoming, Utah and western Colorado, were swept by a storm yesterday that has resulted in an almost total prostration of telegraph service over that territory, and in the mountains has all but tied up the railroads in a regular midwinter blockade.

The democrats of the Senate will probably resist any plan on the part of the Administration to enter into a treaty with the newly born Republic of Panama. The position which the minority will probably take is that the Administration must obey the mandatory provisions of the canal bill passed by the Fifty-seventh Congress, and that unless that law is repealed and a new authorization secured no treaty on the subject of the canal can be made with the Republic of Panama.

BLIND TIGERS SMASHED.—To the ringing of the fire bell yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock 400 citizens armed with axes gathered at the City Hall at Gainesville, Ga., as per previous arrangement and proceeded to smash the blind tigers and other notorious resorts in the city. After completing their work of demolition the members of the mob, through their leaders, served notice on the proprietors of the liquor houses and other resorts that they must leave the county in 10 days and that no attempt to reopen their places will be tolerated. The committee of citizens was composed of the best people of the city, and headed by Rev. J. W. Wynne, pastor of the First Baptist Church. A mass-meeting was held after the alleged violators of the law had been visited, at which a large sum was raised to be used in the prosecution of any person who shall attempt to reopen one of the closed resorts. There has been considerable trouble at Gainesville recently in which liquor has played a large part, and as the county in which the place is situated is dry the illegal sale was regarded as the chief of evils. A few weeks ago Rev. J. F. Petty had a duel with C. C. Lipscomb as a result of an article charging Lipscomb with running a blind tiger. Several shots were exchanged, but neither party was injured.

HEAD CRUSHED WITH CLUB.—Chas. Imier, a boy nineteen years old, was struck on the head with a club by Homer Quarry, two years his senior, at Cumberland, Md., Tuesday night, and received injuries that were almost immediately fatal. The police are searching for Quarry, who in the confusion following the fatal assault made good his escape. It appears Quarry owed Frank Imier, father of the dead boy, borrowed money. He and Charles Imier met in Charles Snyder's store Tuesday night, and Quarry, who was drinking, told Imier he could not get any goods without the money. Imier replied he could buy what he pleased if Quarry paid him back what he owed. A quarrel followed Quarry's alleged insult, the men going on the outside, and two negroes, brothers, named Love, going along. Quarry proceeded to the street, followed by Imier and the others. The sight of the negroes incensed him and he knocked one of them down. Then, according to statements of the witnesses, Quarry pounced upon Charles Imier with a club, striking him over the head. He fell in a heap, his skull being crushed and death soon ensued.

ROYAL ARCH MASONS.—The State Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, in Richmond yesterday elected the following officers: E. S. Conrad, of Harrisonburg, grand high priest; S. L. Bloomberg, of Richmond, grand knight; S. W. Thompson, of Culpeper, grand scribe; G. W. Poe, of Richmond, grand treasurer; J. B. Blanks, of Petersburg, grand secretary; R. M. Ferguson, of Bristol, grand captain of the host; J. H. Fisher, of Alexandria, grand principal sojourner; W. B. McChesney, of Staunton, grand royal arch master; E. L. Guy, of Norfolk, grand captain of third val; W. S. Matthews, of Big Stone Gap, grand master of second val; S. W. Martin, of Danville, grand master of first val; Rev. J. R. Van Horn, of Clifton Forge, grand chaplain; W. C. Wilkinson, of Richmond, grand tiler; W. Krause, of Richmond grand marshal.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Col. S. A. Carpenter died at his home near Rapidan on Monday last, in the seventy-eighth year of his age.

Ernest Zirkle, eldest son of C. J. Zirkle, died yesterday at his home, Oak Crest, Fauquier Springs, of typhoid.

Mrs. Hutton, widow of John S. Hutton, died of paralysis at her home, near Warrenton on Tuesday at an advanced age.

The Davis Monument Association has accepted a design for a memorial to Jefferson Davis. The memorial will cost \$60,000.

F. T. Saunders, of Nottoway, who opposed Judge W. H. Mann for the Senate in the recent election, has been declared insane.

J. R. Henry, great-grandson of Patrick Henry, the orator and statesman, was killed by a freight train at Eilston, Montgomery county, yesterday.

John S. Patton has been elected librarian of the University of Virginia to succeed F. W. Page, who retired last July, and Miss Annie Tuttle was elected assistant.

Dr. J. M. McBride, president of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute, at Blacksburg, has sent out a letter denying the report that typhoid fever has broken out in the school.

John Thompson Brown, jr., 26 years old, son of the widely known real estate man of the same name, died at St. Luke's Hospital in Richmond yesterday from a surgical operation.

Mr. Rice Hooe has sold his property in King George county, known as "Lauderdale," to Mr. Thornton, of Washington. Mr. Hooe has purchased the Mason mill property.

Governor Montague yesterday issued his Thanksgiving proclamation. He also sent to the Senate messages announcing appointments on boards of public institutions.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Little business was transacted in the Legislature yesterday other than that mentioned in the Gazette of that day.

SENATE.

In the Senate Mr. J. L. Campbell, of Bedford, who was elected to the Senate for the unexpired term of Mr. Graham Claytor, was sworn in yesterday.

The following bills were presented and referred:

To empower and authorize the councils and cities to have a legal enumeration of their population.

Providing for the classification and publication of the general statutes of the commonwealth. John Garland Pollard, of Richmond, is named as the publisher, who is to codify, annotate and publish the revised general laws free of cost to the State.

To prohibit trust, monopolies and conspiracies to control business, providing for prosecutions and penalties.

Providing that in redistricting and altering the boundaries of wards of cities, as prescribed by the new constitution.

To amend the charter of the city of Richmond so as to allow the present members of the council, the magistrates, police and fire commissioners to complete the terms for which they were elected.

HOUSE.

Mr. Bland introduced a bill to confer on commissioners in chancery the authority to summon witnesses and another providing for the election of city attorney, physician to the poor, inspector of plumbing, city clerk and chief engineer of the fire department of Portsmouth by direct vote of the people, instead of by the council, as at present.

The House took up the consideration of the calendar, and when the Caton insurance bill was reached, it was passed by for the present.

VIRGINIA WEDDINGS.

At the bride's residence in Winchester yesterday afternoon, Miss Nellie Hensell was married to Edmund A. Smith, of Clarke county.

Rev. T. W. Ogden and Miss Elizabeth White, both of Culpeper, were married in the Methodist Church there yesterday afternoon by Rev. W. T. Williams.

Miss Charlotte Wolff Gibson and Mr. J. Francis Eddy, of Winchester, were married yesterday at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. G. G. Baker, in Winchester.

Mr. Robert Mosby Pulliam and Miss Ione Crutchfield were married in Richmond yesterday, Rev. Dr. J. J. Gravatt, assisted by Rev. Dr. R. J. McBryde, of Lexington, officiating.

Mr. E. Wiley Stearnes, of Richmond, and Miss Lizzy H. Rixey, of Culpeper, were married yesterday afternoon in St. Stephen's Episcopal Church Culpeper, Rev. J. W. Ware officiating.

There was a very pretty wedding in the Methodist Episcopal Church South at White Post yesterday evening, when Miss Emma L. Henning, of that village, was married to Mr. J. M. Lowrey Hill, of Fairfield, Pa., by Rev. D. L. Reid. Miss Mamie Denny was bridesmaid and Mr. Arthur Henning, brother of the bride, was best man.

A marriage of much interest was solemnized yesterday at 11 o'clock at St. Paul's Church King George county when Mr. Daingerfield Lewis Ashton led Miss Daisy Fair Brown to the bridal altar. The attractive young bride was attired in a pearl gray armor cloth traveling suit, with hat and gloves to match, and white tulle waist. She carried bride roses.

Mr. Edward Herbert Nash, of Markham, Fauquier county, and Miss Laura Williams Sinclair were married at the Baptist Church in Manassas yesterday morning, Rev. C. Wirt Trainham officiating. After a reception at the home of the bride the couple left for a northern tour. They will reside at Markham. The bride is the eldest daughter of Mr. A. W. Sinclair, a prominent attorney, and was a niece of the late Judge Charles E. Sinclair.

Not a Sick Day Since.

"I was taken severely sick with kidney trouble. I tried all sorts of medicines, none of which relieved me. One day I saw an ad. of your Electric Bitters and determined to try that. After taking a few doses I felt relieved, and soon thereafter was entirely cured, and have not seen a sick day since. Neighbors of mine have been cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver and Kidney troubles and General Debility." This is what B. F. Bass, of Fremont, N. C. writes. Only 50c, at E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, Druggists.

THE MARKET.

Georgetown, Nov. 12.—Wheat 75.82.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Legislature.

[Special Dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette.]

Richmond, Nov. 12.—Mr. Wickham, of Hanover, offered a bill in the Senate today increasing the salary of Auditor Morton Myrce from \$3,000 to \$4,000 per year. Mr. Foulkes offered in the House a bill to repeal the Barksdale pure election law. This will hardly pass, but considerable sentiment is developing that the law puts a premium on dishonesty.

Chicago Car Lines Tied Up.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—At four o'clock this morning the operation of the cars over the twenty-one lines of the Chicago City Railway Company's system ceased and the greatest street car strike in the history of the city began. Any effort to run cars is expected to result in trouble, though orders have been issued by the officers of the street car men to their followers to refrain from violence. The demand for the "closed shop" was the only one which stood in the way of a settlement, as the company was ready to refer all questions, other than that, to arbitration, but insisted that it should be allowed to manage its own business, and employ non-union men if it desired to do so. Bicycles, express wagons and other vehicles were brought into requisition and many persons relied upon their legs to carry them to work. Over 3,000 men are out. Shortly before 8 o'clock the barn doors were thrown open and six trains, one a mail train, were sent out. No effort was made to stop them but when they passed out of sight of the police they were greeted with a hail of stones and other missiles. Three of the trains managed to weather the storm but the crews of the remaining three abandoned their cars and fled to the barns, bleeding from numerous wounds. The mail train was not molested but it could not be moved as it was sandwiched between two other trains. The first cars to reach up town were a number of heavy single coaches. When they reached Clark and Van Buren streets a number of heavy wagons blocked their further progress, and in a minute they were bombarded with stones from all sides. Windows were smashed and holes knocked in the sides of the coaches. A squad of police soon dispersed the mob and the cars were permitted to proceed.

The mob attacked a cable train on Cottage Grove avenue and pulled the gripman and conductor off the cars and severely beat them. The mob tipped over the coaches, ruining the apparatus on the grip car.

To Unify Ohio Democrats.

Columbus, O., Nov. 12.—Invitations are to be sent broadcast over the State to a reunion of the Ohio democracy. The reunion probably will take the form of a Jackson day banquet, January 8th, at Columbus, though an earlier day may be chosen. Democrats of all factions except the Johnsonites will be invited. If the invitations are accepted gold demogues and Bryanites will banquet together, and devise means of bringing together the scattered remains of the party.

Tom Johnson and his friends alone will be barred. As one of the prime movers put it, "It is to be a peace conference for war." The promoters disclaim any intention to reorganize the party. They insist their purpose is to unify it. The practical object in view, they say, is to interest democrats everywhere in securing a State convention made up of conservative democrats, but is not in the interest of Cleveland or Gorman or any other presidential candidate.

The Emperor's Condition.

Berlin, Nov. 12.—Another bulletin regarding the condition of Emperor William, was issued by his physicians from the palace at Potsdam this morning. The bulletin is as follows: "His majesty gave up his usual walk yesterday owing to the sharp wind. The healing of the wound is taking the regular course. The Emperor's general condition remains good."

Although the bulletins issued would seem to indicate that the throat affection of the royal patient is nothing to cause great fear, the apprehension on the part of the German court and people that his majesty is suffering from the first stages of cancer will not waver. Security cannot be obtained for four or five weeks, in which time, if there are any cancerous tendencies, they are bound to develop. Reports are current in semi-official circles today to the effect that the fear of cancer is also felt by the royal family.

Betrayed by an Explosion.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.—A dynamite explosion this morning nearly caused the death of several people and resulted in about \$400 damage to the premises at 735 Wood street, and the adjoining house. The police arrested six men, each of whom was held in \$1,500 bail on suspicion. The theory is that the room where the explosion occurred was the rendezvous of safe robbers. The police think the men were experimenting with dynamite such as is used in blowing open safe doors and that the ensuing explosion was premature and accidental. Skeleton keys, dynamite fuses, and burglar's tools were found in the room. The prisoners claim that an exploding lamp caused the havoc, but the police say this is manifestly untrue.

An Imposing Ceremony.

Rome, Nov. 12.—The first public consistory of Pope Pius X. was held today, and was the occasion of great pomp and ceremony. Immense crowds packed the corridors of the Vatican and the Sala Regia. The papal procession was headed by the Swiss Guards and behind them came the Cardinals. These in turn were followed by the Pope in his sedia gestatoria, borne by eight men, and followed by a great ecclesiastical gathering. After a brief religious ceremony the Pope conferred red hats on the three cardinals created at the last consistory held by the late Pope Leo XIII., and on the two created at the recent secret consistory conducted by Pope Pius X. After the consistory the Pope conferred the pallium on Archbishop Bourne, of Westminster.

Successful Balloon Ascension.

Paris, Nov. 12.—The Lebadu brothers, Paul and Pierre, French aeronauts, today sailed their dirigible balloon from Moisson to Paris, a distance of 44 miles. They made the distance in the remarkable time of one hour and forty minutes. The balloon landed in the Champs de Mars, in the heart of Paris. This is the longest trip ever made by a French dirigible balloon and marks a distinct step in advance in air navigation.

The Democratic Club of New York last night unanimously elected Richard Croker a life member. This honor is shared only by ex-President Cleveland.

Election to Prussian Diet.

Berlin, Nov. 12.—The election of members to the lower House of the Prussian Diet began today. The qualification for membership in the diet is based on high qualifications. The feature of the election is the effort of the socialists to get a footing in the Diet, which they have heretofore been unable to do owing to the restrictions of the franchise.

New York Stock Market.

New York, Nov. 12.—11 a. m.—The stock market shows a general tendency to recovery. The fluctuations in the railroad list were mostly fractional. There was continued buying of steel stocks, the preferred advancing 14 on a better feeling with regard to the condition of the steel industry. The speculation is not entirely settled and business fell off some. Traders are disposed to wait for evidence of some aggressive support to prices or for conclusive developments in the monetary situation.

Fifty-Eighth Congress.

SENATE.

Washington, Nov. 12.

Mr. Tillman made his first appearance this session today.

It was agreed that when the Senate adjourns today it be until next Monday.

In presenting remonstrances against the seating of Reed Smoot, the Mormon Senator, Mr. Dubois said he wished to take issue with the Senator from Massachusetts is deprecating the filing of such remonstrances. He contended that the various organizations of Christian men and women have a right to petition the Senate and ought to do so. "Of course, it is a judicial question," he announced earnestly, "but these are not idle petitions. Similar petitions had much to do with the unseating of Mormon Roberts and arresting public opinion. They do not seek to influence our action. They merely demand investigation. They will make us pause and study. If the allegations made against Reed Smoot are proven there is not a Senator who would vote to retain him. If he is not proven guilty we will unite in asking him to sit with us."

HOUSE.

The House was in session ten minutes today. Member elect Ball, of Texas, was sworn in and then Speaker Cannon announced the new committee on ways and means.

Mr. Thayer (dem. mass.), amused the House for a few minutes by discussing what he called a "question of personal privilege."

Mr. Thayer said it was a personal matter with him as he desired to go home, bring in the winter's wood and mend fences (laughter from both sides of the House), and to remain there until the six or eight republicans, who controlled legislation, notified him that "there was something doing."

Mr. Payne said that he was inclined to ask that Mr. Thayer be given indefinite leave of absence. There was republican laughter.

Mr. Thayer will be allowed to look after his "fences."

Mr. Payne then offered the Cuban reciprocity measure. In reply to questions of minority leader Williams, he said it was his intention to call a meeting of the ways and means committee tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock. He further said that the bill would be reported to the House from the committee when it meets tomorrow at noon.

The House then adjourned.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

A rumor was current in Wall street today that the Equitable Life Assurance Society has bought \$15,000,000 U. S. Steel sinking fund five.

As the result of an order issued today, all the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company's collieries in the Mahanoy City region will suspend tonight until Monday of next week.

A sensational suicide in society circles took place at Mont Clair, N. J., last night, when Mrs. E. De Grier Walsh, wife of a well known New York broker, shot herself. The affair is a mystery.

The beef trust surrendered yesterday to the demands of the Hebrew butchers association of Chicago and hereafter all animals for observers of the Mosaic law will be killed under direction of persons authorized by Chief Rabbi Ridwas.

The postmaster general under a ruling of the civil service commission has dropped four clerks from the St. Louis post office, including Anna Dreyer, by whom charges were preferred against Frederick W. Baumhoff, the retiring postmaster.

Theodore Roosevelt Signet, the twentieth child born to W. H. Signet, died yesterday at the family home at McKeesport, Pa., aged five months. Upon being notified that this child had been named after him, the President a check for \$100.

With a coal famine imminent because of the miners, strike business men of Denver, Col., have formulated an appeal to President Roosevelt to mediate in the trouble. They have hope that if the President will agree to act, the miners will return to work.

Thirty-five cases of diphtheria have been reported at New Brunswick, N. J. As the board of health has only \$34 left of their year's appropriation, and as the new appropriation will not be available until next May, the city is unable to help suppress the spread of the disease. Popular subscriptions therefore may be sought.

The first legal decision on the awards of the archdiocese commission was handed today by Judge Anton, in Sanbury, Pa., who decided that the commission's decision was not binding on either the operators or the miners. The decision was the result of a suit brought by the employees of the Lehigh Valley Mining Company which refused to pay back wages to the miners alleged by the strike commission.

While quarreling with a number of Italians in their camp on the Pittsburgh pike, in Wilkins township, Pa., last night, John Hager, 25 years old, colored, of Lynchburg, Va., was shot and instantly killed by one of the Italians. The Italian has not been arrested.

The Best Remedy for Croup.

[From the Acheson, Kan., Daily Globe.]

This is the season when the woman who knows the best remedies for croup is in demand in every neighborhood. One of the most terrible things in the world is to be awakened in the middle of the night by a whoop from one of the children. The croup remedies are almost as sure to be lost in case of croup as a revolver is to be lost in case of burglars. There used to be an old-fashioned remedy for croup, known as hive syrup and told, but some modern mothers say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is better, and does not cost so much. It causes the patient to throw up the phlegm quicker, and gives relief in a shorter time. Give this remedy as soon as the croupy cough appears and it will prevent the attack. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Richard Gibson.

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We import our Linens direct and in large quantities. We guarantee them to be absolutely pure flax—and such qualities at these prices are rare bargains.

63-inch Full Bleached Undressed German Table Linen, Special price, per yard..... 50c

70-inch Extra Quality Undressed Silver Bleached Table Linen, Special price, per yard..... 69c

68-inch Extra Heavy Quality Silver Bleached Table Linen, Special price, per yard..... 75c

250 dozen of Pure Linen German Dice Napkins, hemmed ready for use. Special price, per dozen..... 65c

68-inch Best Quality Undressed Silver Bleached German Table Linen, Special price, per yard..... \$1.00

22-inch Pure Linen Undressed Silver Bleached German Damask Napkins, Special price, per dozen..... \$1.50

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